

## First experience with the ExpanSure Dilation System to streamline transseptal puncture for left atrial appendage closure

Jacqueline Saw, MD, Thomas Gilhofer, MD, Darwin Yeung, MD, Michael Tsang, MD

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### INTRODUCTION

- ▶ Tissue resistance against the sheath-dilator interface may be experienced while obtaining transseptal access for delivery sheaths.
- ▶ This could reduce procedural efficiency and might require tissue dilation or re-puncture at a thinner part of the septum.
- ▶ This study describes the use of the ExpanSure® Large Access Transseptal Dilator (Baylis Medical) to facilitate access for large left atrial appendage closure (LAAC) implant delivery sheaths.
  - The ExpanSure® Large Access Transseptal Dilator is a 12.5F single unit system with no sheath-dilator interface that can be used to both advance a transseptal needle and dilate the septum to obtain left atrial access.

### METHODS

- ▶ Prospective evaluation of initial clinical experience using the ExpanSure dilator in patients undergoing LAAC procedures using WATCHMAN™ (Boston Scientific) or Amulet™ (Abbott) implants.
- ▶ Trans-esophageal echocardiography was used for transseptal puncture (TSP) and catheter guidance.
- ▶ ExpanSure dilator was introduced through the right femoral vein towards the septum and used to position a radiofrequency (RF) transseptal needle infero-posteriorly at the fossa ovalis for transseptal puncture.
- ▶ ProTrack™ Pigtail Wire (Baylis Medical) was used through the ExpanSure dilator for delivery sheath exchange into the left atrium.
- ▶ Time taken for procedural steps (i.e. transseptal access, advancement of device delivery sheath into the Left atria, release of LAAC device, overall procedure and fluoroscopy use) and subjective experience for left atrial access was assessed.

### RESULTS

- ▶ 19 LAAC cases, including 3 with aneurysmal and 1 with lipomatous septum, were performed using the ExpanSure dilator with 100% success.
  - 8 cases using WATCHMAN (mean implant size: 28.7 ± 2.9 mm; 14F delivery sheath).
  - 11 cases using Amulet (mean implant size 25.5 ± 3.5 mm; 6 cases with 12F delivery sheath, 5 cases with 14F delivery sheath).

Time taken for each step from femoral access (minutes)	ExpanSure
Transseptal access time	10.1±7.5
Delivery sheath access to LA time	16.8±11.4
Time to occluder release time	36.5±13.6
Overall procedure time	37.6±13.5
Fluoroscopy use time	13.0±6.9

Table 1: Procedural time points

- ▶ Both the ExpanSure dilator and delivery sheath were advanced into the left atrium easily without excessive tenting of the septum.
- ▶ No access site and in-hospital complications occurred for any of the cases.

### DISCUSSION & CONCLUSIONS

- ▶ The ExpanSure® Large Access Transseptal Dilator has a seamless design with no dilator-sheath step-up and large diameter that facilitates easy and efficient interatrial crossing of large delivery sheaths.
- ▶ This design may be more beneficial compared to standard sheath-dilator systems.